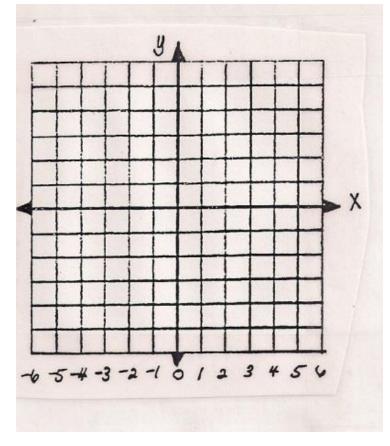
MATH 097 Brush-Up Lesson: Straight Lines

If you placed into MATH 97 or a higher-level course, this might be useful for you

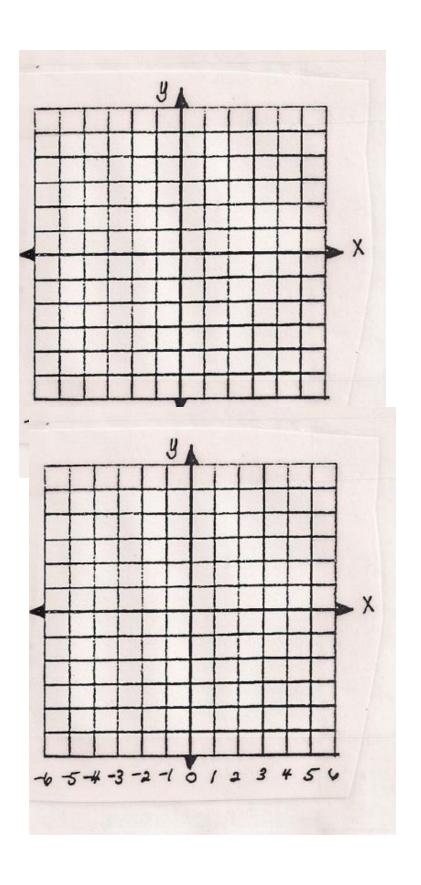
1. For each equation, find the *x* and *y* intercepts, and graph the line.

a.
$$y = -2x + 6$$



b.
$$2x - 3y = 6$$

c.
$$y = 0.5x + 2$$



- 2. For each pair of points, find the slope between the two points.
- a. (2, -3) and (5, 9)

b.
$$(-7, 4)$$
 and $(3, -1)$

c.
$$(-2, -11)$$
 and $(5, 23)$

3. Find the Slope and *y*-intercept of the line.

a.
$$y = -2x + 6$$

b.
$$2x - 3y = 6$$

c.
$$y = 0.5x - 8$$

4. Find the equation for the line given the information.

a. Slope = 3, y-intercept is
$$(0, -7)$$

b. Slope = -1.5, contains the point (-6, 11)

- 5. Find the equation of the line containing the two points.
- a. (2, -3) and (5, 9)

b. (-7, 4) and (3, -1)

6. Determine if the pair of lines is: Parallel, Perpendicular, or Neither.

a.
$$y = 2x - 3$$

$$y - x = 3$$

b.
$$y = -3x + 1$$

$$6x + 2y = 8$$

c.
$$y = -x + 7$$

$$y - x = 3$$